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Software Engineering 2: ***Travlendar+***

**Requirements Analysis and Specification Document**

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v. 1.0

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**1. Introduction**

* 1. **Document purpose**

This document focuses on the requirements analysis for the project Travlendar+. The application’s purpose is to support users in handling out one of the most difficult nowadays’ challenges: organization. No previous versions of this application were developed.

This document is meant to be a reference for any person who has an interest in the project. This includes, but is not limited to, development team members, stakeholders and end users.

* 1. **Description of the problem**

The aim of the project is to create an all-in-one system that unites services that are nowadays offered by various different applications(e.g. Calendar, Travel Scheduler). In order to use Travlendar+, final users should be registered and logged in.

Users should be able to schedule their activities directly through the application and, by taking into account travelling times, constraints and preferences expressed by the user, Travlendar+ should:

* Identify the best mobility option;
* Support the user in buying public transport tickets, if necessary;
* Locate the nearest car or bike sharing, if they represent the best solution;
* Warn the user when a place can’t be reached in the available time.

In general, Travlendar+ should make it easier to organize complex schedules, by finding the best compromises between time optimization and the users’ needs and preferences.

* 1. **Actors**
* **Guest**: a person that is not yet registered or logged in. This actor can only see the main page of Travlendar+, where he’s asked to log in or start a registration procedure.
* **User**: a person that is registered and logged in. This type of actor can access to all the features offered by Travlendar+.
* **Third part systems**: external systems that, through the use of APIs, Travlendar+ can use to provide the services it intends to offer.

*(e.g. Google Maps’ APIs can be used to calculate the time needed to move from a place to another by car, bike, public transport system and on foot).*

*(e.g. a car sharing system’s APIs can be used to locate the available cars and propose to the user to use a car sharing service)*

* 1. **Goals**

Travlendar+ features should match with the following goals:

* [G1] Users should be able to use the system properly.
* [G2] Allow users to schedule an activity.
* [G3] Allow users to set constraints and preferences.
* [G4] Simplify procedures and reduce the number of operations that a user has to do to schedule an new activity.
* [G5] Make sure users are on time at their scheduled appointments.
  1. **Definitions, Acronyms, Abbreviations**
     1. **Definitions**
* **User**: actor that is using the application and may want to access all functionalities.
* **Application**: with the term application we are talking about both the desktop version and mobile version of the Travlendar+ system.
* **Scheduling**: action performed by a user that is adding a new activity to his personal calendar.
* **Activity**: whatever the final user wants to schedule, adding it to the calendar and providing the app with its information.
  + 1. **Acronyms**
* **RASD:** Requirements Analysis and Specification Document
* **UI:** User Interface
* **API:** [Application programming interface](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Application_programming_interface)
* **UXD**: User Experience Diagram
* **UML**: Unified Modeling Language
* **GPS**: Global Positioning System
  + 1. **Abbreviations**
* **[Gn]:** the n-th goal
* **[Rn]:** the n-th requirement
* **[NFRn]:** the n-th non-functional requirement
* **[An]:** the n-th assumption
* **[Cn]:** the n-th constraint
  1. **Reference Documents**
* Mandatory project assignments for the A.Y. 2017/2018 available on the beep’s page of the Software Engineering 2 course.
* Projects examples and other documents available on the beep’s page of the Software Engineering 2 course.
  1. **Document Structure**
* **Introduction:** This is the very first part of the document.

In this section it’s possible to retrieve general information about the project and its goals and about the system that is going to be described with more details in the next sections. For the sake of simplicity and to avoid any possible ambiguity, Acronyms, Definitions and Abbreviations that will be used in the whole document have been specified here.

* **Overall Description:** This section will contain a more detailed explanation of the product perspective, that can be useful to visualize and contextualize the project we’re working on. It also highlights the several assumptions and constraints related to the project. Further information about the application’s functions, the user and the requirements will be clarified.
* **Specific Requirements:** This section contains more details and examples about the Graphic User Interface and specifies which are the Communication Interfaces that must be supported by the end-user devices in order to make the application work properly.

In addition, functional requirements will be defined with more details and they will be mapped into goals.

Several UML diagrams will be displayed in this section.

* **Formal Analysis using Alloy:** The source code of an Alloy 4.2 specification of the system.
* **Effort Spent:** Information about the number of hours each group member has spent working on the RASD document.
  1. **Revision History**
* **v. 0.1 [05 Oct 2017]**: added the whole “Introduction” section.
* **v. 0.2 [07 Oct 2017]**: added part of the “Overall Description” section.
* **v. 0.3 [08 Oct 2017]**: completed the “Overall Description” section.
* **v. 1.0 [09 Oct 2017]:** general group revision of the first two sections.

**2.0 Overall Description**

This section includes a summary of the major functions provided by the system, the user characteristics, the constraints and the assumptions over the domain.

**2.1 Product Perspective**

Since the application can be used both on desktop computers and mobile devices and since a user may want to access his calendar from both kind of devices at the same time, data cannot be stored locally. The system we’re going to develop will then consist of an application for the end user and an application for the central server. On the server, users’ data, preferences and schedules will be stored in a Database.

Furthermore, our product needs to be perfectly integrated with some pre-existing systems, such as other car sharing and bike sharing systems, through their exposed APIs.

**2.2 User Characteristics**

As specified in the “Actors” section above, there is no relevant distinction that we have to make between our expected end users, simply because there are no particular kinds of users we are expecting use the application, once it is ready.

Users don’t need any specific knowledge to make a good use of Travlendar+, and, moreover, users’ main life occupations are not really relevant because our application can be used to schedule every kind of appointment, from business meetings to a football match with friends.

* 1. **Assumptions, Dependencies and Constraints**
     1. **Assumptions**
* **[A1] Ubiquity:** Users cannot schedule two different activities at the same time of the same day. This means that the second activity must be scheduled on a different time of the day, or the first one must be deleted.
* **[A2] GPS precision:** to suggest the best mobility option, Travlendar+ has to acquire the position of the user though GPS, if the user hasn’t inserted a starting point manually. We assume that those data have a maximum error of 10 meters.
* **[A3] Email:** Users’ declared emails are supposed to be currently in use. When a user registers, his email is verified. From that moment, then, we assume that the user will not stop using and regularly checking that mailbox.
* **[A6] Accidents:** Accidents and delays are frequent but most of the times online systems that calculate shortest mobility options get to know about them rapidly and take them into account for the solutions they propose. We assume that, if a user is following one of the mobility options given from Travlendar+ (see [A7]), unpredictable accidents that may cause delays have a rate of 10%. This means that the rest of the times (90%) users will be on time at their appointments.
* **[A7] Mobility options:** Users will follow the mobility options proposed by Travlendar+.
* **[A8] Refund policy**: The purchase of a ticket cannot be withdrawn.
* **[A9] Internet**: Users have access to the Internet.
* **[A10] Third part reliability**: The Third part systems we rely on will provide us the service we need at least 99,9% of the time.
  + 1. **Constraints**
* **[C1]** Confidential data inserted by the users must be stored a secure way, according to the actual privacy laws.
* **[C2]** Users’ GPS position can’t be acquired if the user himself didn’t give his consent.
* **[C3]** Failures can happen, but when they happen the system must be able to restart from its status before the failure.
* **[C4]** Users’ calendars must be private (e.g. not visible to any other user).

**3.0 Specific Requirements**

* 1. **Functional Requirements**
* **[R1]** Allow the users to manage already existing activities.
* **[R2]** Users should be able to log in to Travlendar+.
* **[R3]** Users should be able to register to Travlendar+.
* **[R4]** Users should be able to change their password whether they forget it.
* **[R5]**  Users should be able to schedule new activities.
* **[R6]** Users should be able to set their own preferences that will be taken into account and will be applied to schedules every time this is possible and reasonable.
* ***[R6.1]*** *Specification*: The user can also set flexible activities (e.g. flexible lunch) , and, in particular, the special preference “minimize carbon footprint” will be present.
* **[R7]** When necessary, users should be supported in buying public transports tickets directly on Travlendar+ and/or redirected on the correct external page.
* **[R8]** Users should be warned when they’re scheduling an activity that is not physically possible due to a lack of time or that overlaps with other activities.
* **[R9]** Mobility solutions involving car and bike sharing systems must be taken into account, when possible, and proposed to the user when they represent the optimal solution.
* **[R10]** Users should receive a notification (e.g. email, push notifications) a little before the time they have to leave to go to the next appointment.
* **[R11]** The application should identify the best mobility option. Moreover, this should be done by appointment and by day (e.g., the app should suggest that you leave your home via car in the morning because meetings during the day will not be doable via public transportation).
  1. **Non-Functional Requirements**
* **[NFR1]** After a user is logged in, he should be able to reach every functionality in less than 3 taps/clicks.
* **[NFR2]** The mobile application , when it will be developed, should work properly at least on two of the following OS: Android, iOS, Windows Phone.
* **[NFR3]** The desktop application should work at least on Windows 7 or higher.
* **[NFR4]** The system should be available at least 99,9% of the time over a year.
  1. **Requirements and Assumptions Mapping**

To prove the completeness of the requirements we provided and assumptions we made, we have to prove that when they’re respected and verified, the goals are reached as a consequence.

The goals have been repeated below for a matter of simplicity.

* *[G1] Users should be able to use the system properly.*

This goal can be reached thanks to functional requirements [R1], [R2], [R3], [R4] and assumptions [A3], [A9], [A10].

* *[G2] Allow users to schedule an activity.*

This goal can be reached thanks to functional requirements [R5], [R1], [R8], and assumption [A1].

* *[G3] Allow users to set constraints and preferences.*

This goal can be reached thanks to functional requirements [R6], [R6.1].

* *[G4] Simplify procedures and reduce the number of operations that a user has to do to schedule an new activity (in general).*

This goal can be reached thanks to functional requirements [R1], [R5], [R6], [R6.1], [R7], [R8], [R9], [R10], [R11], non-functional requirement [NFR1].

* *[G5] Make sure users are on time at their scheduled appointments.*

This goal can be reached thanks to functional requirements [R7], [R8], [R9], [R10], [R11] and assumptions [A2], [A6], [A7], [A9], [A10].

* 1. **Requirements and Assumptions Mapping**

For the sake of clarity, the less obvious requirements are explained better here:

* [NFR1] – Many application have a complicated structure that makes it hard or disagreeable to reach a particular functionality. We went to keep it the simplest we can, so that our application will result easy to use and this will not constitute a reason for our users to stop using it.

In addition, if it’s easy to use, users will find it easier to exploit all its functionalities and get the best from our application.

* [R9] – Though this can be not the easiest thing to implement, we want to consider all the possibilities to advice the user with the best mobility opition.
  1. **External Interfaces Requirements**
     1. **Hardware Interfaces**
     2. **Software Interfaces**
     3. **Communication Interfaces**
  2. **UML diagrams and charts**
     1. **Use Cases Diagrams and tables**
     2. **Statechart Diagrams**
  + **Event lifecycle:** The lyfecycle of an event can be modeled as follows:



The cycle starts with the creation phase. After the event is scheduled its status is “Not started”. The evolution through the “On going” and “Finished” states is obvious and automatic. Events in the “Finished” state are deleted automatically after a certain amount of time. From the “Not started” and the “On going” state, the event can be deleted by the user. The “Deleted” state is final: once an activity is in that status, it can’t be restored and the system has already deleted any data regarding it permanently.

* + 1. **Sequence Diagrams (or BMPN?)**
  1. **Graphical User Interface Examples**

**5. Effort Spent**

This section will provide detailed information about the nomver of hours spent on this document.

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| --- | --- |
| **Section(s)** | **Number of hours** |
| 5-oct-17 Introduction | 3 |
| 7-oct-17 Overall Description | 1 |
| 8-oct-17 Overall Description | 1 |
| 9-oct-17 Group work | 3 |
| 10-oct-17 Requirements | 2 |
| 10-oct-17 Statechart | 1 |
|  |  |

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| --- | --- |
| 6-oct-17 Introduction | 2 |
| 7-oct-17 Introduction | 2.5 |
| 8-oct-17 Specific requirements | 1 |
| 9-oct-17 Group work | 3 |
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| --- | --- |
| 6-oct-17 Introduction | 3 |
| 8-oct-17 Overall Description | 1 |
| 9-oct-17 Group work | 3 |
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